

Boolean Functions

- Summary
- Local testers / PCPPs
- Q & A
- Problems

Announcements

- March 11 Lecture changed
- Ryan's website for the course has better quality videos (Compositional)

Def. $\mathcal{L} \subseteq \{0,1\}^n$ a property local tester w/ rejection rate λ if $w \in \mathcal{L} \rightarrow$ accept w/ prob 1 $\text{dist}(w, \mathcal{L}) > \epsilon \rightarrow$ reject w/ prob $\geq \lambda \epsilon$

Thm. Let $\mathcal{L} \subseteq \{0,1\}^n$, $\exists$ a 3-query PCPP system for $\mathcal{L}$ w/ rejection rate .002, length 2^n

def. of $\mathcal{L}$ is embedded into test

$x_1 \neq x_2$ distance between decoder versions is $\frac{1}{2}$
 $x_1, x_2 \in \{0,1\}^n$
 $\text{dist}(x_1, x_2) \geq \frac{1}{2}$

r-query length- ℓ PCPP system w/ rej. λ if $\mathcal{L} = \{w \in \{0,1\}^n \text{ s.t. } w \text{ has an odd \# of } 1\}$

$\exists$ string tester T operating on $(w, \Pi) \in \{0,1\}^{n \times \ell}$

$\hookrightarrow$ any local tester requires n queries

3 query PCPP system

If $w \in \mathcal{L}$, exists Π s.t. T accepts

$w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n, w_1, w_2, w_1, w_2, w_3, \dots, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n$

If $\text{dist}(w, \mathcal{L}) \geq \epsilon$, then for every

$\Pi_1 \quad \Pi_2 \quad \dots \quad \Pi_{n-1}$

Π , T rejects w with prob $\geq \lambda \epsilon$

on analogue NP, P

def. PCPP reduction - algorithm which outputs a description of the test. C circuit reps test

Thm. There exists a PCPP reduction w/ prob length $2^{\text{poly}(\text{size}(C))}$

Thm. PCP $\text{poly}(\text{size}(C))$ $\nearrow$ Groth prize

Thm. $\text{size}(C) \text{ poly}(\log(\text{size}(C)))$ - Dinur

Problem 1 - finding CNFs of width $w \rightarrow$

Problem 2 -

Problem 3 - giving PCPP system

width 3

$\hookrightarrow$ r-query turns PCPP

reducing into

3-query PCPP

reductions

Problem 2

every function

on n -bits

has DNF width n , size 2^n .

Problem 1 - Reun i

Coding Theory

$f: \mathbb{F}_2^k \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_2^n$ $n > k$

s.t. $\text{dist}(f(x), f(y))$ large for all pairs x, y $x \neq y$

(send a message through a noisy channel)

Hamming Code

$n = 2^k$

$x \in \mathbb{F}_2^k$, $f(x) = (0, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_k, x_1+x_2, x_1+x_3, \dots, x_{k-1}+x_k, x_1+x_2+x_3, \dots, x_1+x_2+\dots+x_k)$

$\text{dist}(f(x), f(y)) = \frac{1}{2}$ if $x \neq y$.