

Comp Sci 212

1. Probability

2. Conditional Probability

Announcements

- Getting to know you meetings

- Practice midterms

Probability

Def. Sample space - non-empty set S $w \in S$, element of S , outcome $E \subseteq S$, subset of S , eventEx. $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

{Heads, Tails}

Def. Probability function - total function

 $\Pr: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ s.t. $-\Pr[w] \geq 0$ for all $w \in S$

$$-\sum_{w \in S} \Pr[w] = 1$$

(sum over all $w \in S$)

Ex. $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

w	$\Pr[w]$	w	$\Pr[w]$
1	$\frac{1}{6}$	1	$\frac{1}{2}$
2	$\frac{1}{6}$	2	$\frac{1}{10}$
3	$\frac{1}{6}$	3	$\frac{1}{10}$
4	$\frac{1}{6}$	4	$\frac{1}{10}$
5	$\frac{1}{6}$	5	$\frac{1}{10}$
6	$\frac{1}{6}$	6	$\frac{1}{10}$

If $E \subseteq S$, (cont'd), $\Pr[E] = \sum_{w \in E} \Pr[w]$ Ex. $E = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$$\Pr[E] = \Pr[1] + \Pr[2] + \Pr[3]$$

 $\Pr[X \leq 3]$

$$\{x | x \in S, x \leq 3\}$$

Ex. Uniform distribution - $\Pr[w] = \frac{1}{|S|}$ for all w

$$\Pr[E] = \frac{|E|}{|S|}$$

$$S^1 = S \times S = \{HH, HT, TH, TT\}$$

Let $S^1 = \{\text{Heads, Tails}\}$

$$S = S^{100} = \underbrace{S^1 \times S^1 \times \dots \times S^1}_{100 \text{ times}}$$

Flipping a coin 100 times

If we have uniform dist. ($\Pr[w] = \frac{1}{2^{100}}$)

$$\Pr[\text{At least 75 heads}] = \frac{|E|}{2^{100}}$$

 $E = \{s | s \in S, \text{ at least } 75 \text{ coordinates in } s \text{ are Heads}\}$

$$|E| = \sum_{i=75}^{100} \binom{100}{i}$$

Sticky coin

$$\Pr[\text{All heads}] = \frac{1}{2} \quad \Pr[\text{any other outcome}] = 0$$

$$\Pr[\text{All tails}] = \frac{1}{2} \quad \Pr[\text{At least 75 heads}] = \frac{1}{2}$$

Probability rules

- Sum rule, if E_1, \dots, E_n are disjoint,

$$\Pr[E_1 \cup E_2 \cup \dots \cup E_n] = \sum_{i=1}^n \Pr[E_i]$$

- Complement

$$\Pr[S \setminus E] = 1 - \Pr[E]$$

- Difference

$$\Pr[A \setminus B] = \Pr[A] - \Pr[A \cap B]$$

Principle of Inclusion Exclusion

$$\Pr[A \cup B] = \Pr[A] + \Pr[B] - \Pr[A \cap B]$$

If $A \subseteq B$, $\Pr[A] \leq \Pr[B]$

Union bound

$$\Pr[A \cup B] \leq \Pr[A] + \Pr[B]$$

$$\Pr[A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_n] \leq \sum_{i=1}^n \Pr[A_i]$$

equality only if the events are disjoint

Union bound - 100-sided die ($S = \{100\}$, uniform dist.)

threw it 25 times

 $S = S \times S \times \dots \times S$, uniform dist.

$$\Pr[\text{At least 1 roll is } i] = \Pr[A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_{25}]$$

$$A_i = \{s | s \in S, s_i = i\} \leq \sum_{j=1}^{25} \Pr[A_j]$$

(↳ what i^{th} roll is)

$$\sum_{i=1}^{25} \frac{|A_i|}{|S|} = \sum_{i=1}^{25} \frac{100^{24}}{100^{25}} = \sum_{i=1}^{25} \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Conditional Probability

Given a die, roll it twice, given that the sum is 4, what is the probability that the 1st roll is 1? (uniform dist.)

B = set of outcomes w/ sum of 4

$$= \{(1, 3), (2, 2), (3, 1)\}$$

A = set of outcomes w/ 1st roll of 1

$$= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (1, 5)\}$$

$$(1, 6)\}$$

$$\Pr[A \mid B] \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{\Pr[A \cap B]}{\Pr[B]}$$

(probability of A given B)

$$\Pr[A \cap B] = \Pr[A \cap \{(1, 3)\}]$$

$$|B| = 3$$

$$\Pr[A \cap B] = \frac{1}{30}$$

$$\Pr[B] = \frac{3}{30}$$

$$\Pr[A \mid B] = \frac{1}{3}$$