

Comp Sci 212

I. Linear Algebra (not on final)

Announcements

- Final March 17 12pm-2pm L.R2

Linear Algebra

 $\mathbb{R}^n$ = set of vectors with n coordinates, real numbers

$$v \in \mathbb{R}^n \quad v = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \vdots \\ v_n \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ = set of matrices dimension $m \times n$

$$A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & \dots & A_{1n} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & \dots & A_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ A_{m1} & A_{m2} & \dots & A_{mn} \end{bmatrix}$$

Def. Inner product, $\langle x, y \rangle$ $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\langle x, y \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i$$

$$\langle x, x \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 = \|x\|_2^2$$

$$\text{ex. } x = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\langle x, y \rangle = 2 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot (-1) + 3 \cdot (-1) = 0$$

$$\langle x, x \rangle = 2 \cdot 2 + 1 + 3 \cdot 3 = 14 = \|x\|_2^2 \rightarrow \|x\|_2 = \sqrt{14}$$

Def. x, y are orthogonal if $\langle x, y \rangle = 0$.

Multiplication

$$A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \quad B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}, \text{ then } B = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_p \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times p}$$

$$(AB)_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^n A_{ik} B_{kj} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ \vdots \\ a_i \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_j \\ a_2 & b_j \\ \vdots & b_j \\ a_i & b_j \end{bmatrix} \quad \langle a_i, b_j \rangle$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad x$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 7 \\ 4 & 1 & 7 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 7 \\ 4 & 1 & 7 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \leftarrow \text{product}$$

Also works w/ matrix-vector, $v \in \mathbb{R}^n$, also in $\mathbb{R}^{n \times 1}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{If } A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}, A \text{ is function } A: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

Def. Identity matrix $I_n \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$

$$(I)_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i=j \\ 0 & \text{a.o.} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Fact. $AI_n = I_n A = A$ for $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$